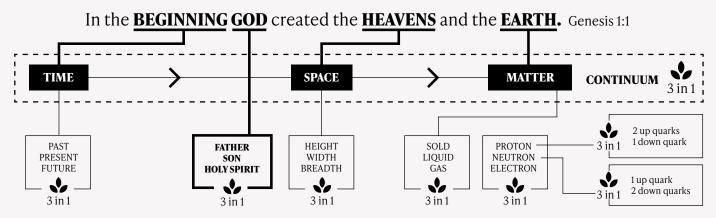


Have you ever considered the triunity of reality?

Historical / Orthodox Christianity teaches that the God of the Bible is triune. Here is a brief definition of the Trinity...

'Within the one Being that is God, there exists eternally three distinct, coequal and coeternal persons namely, the Father, the Son, and The Holy Spirit'. If the Triune God, is the one true God, then it would be plausible, and indeed even probable, to expect to see reflections of this triune God in every aspect of our reality – and we do! We could reasonably expect to see the hand of the Triune God at work in our world, offering us a myriad of clues as to His identity, Divine Nature and Character – and we do!

Let's take a closer look at the very first verse of the Bible which is absolutely jam-packed with threes...



[&]quot;For since the creation of the world God's invisible qualities – His eternal power, **divine nature** [and Godhead] – have been clearly seen, being understood from what has been made, so that people are without excuse." Romans 1:20

Three(ing) is believing! Additional 3's that are worth noting

When you really think about the triune nature of reality (and of our own humanity) there are enough three-in-ones to make your head spin! If a Triune Godhead does not exist then this is all a rather astounding cosmic co-incidence, is it not?



Human beings - we are triune in nature, existing in **three** parts - body, soul and spirit. And the soul is comprised of another **three** - the mind, the will and the emotions.



Primary colours - in the visible spectrum, light is composed of **three** primary colors: red, green, and blue, which can be combined to create a wide array of other colours.



Music - the elements of music can be broken down into three general categories: rhythm, harmony, and melody.



DNA - the **three** building blocks of DNA - nucleotides, which are a deoxyribose (5-carbon sugar), a phosphate group, and a nitrogenous base.

And there are **three** different DNA types:

- **A-DNA**: it is a right-handed double helix similar to the B-DNA form.
- **B-DNA**: this is the most common DNA conformation and is a right-handed helix.
- **Z-DNA**: Z-DNA is a left-handed DNA where the double helix winds to the left in a zig-zag pattern.



Cells - a cell has three main parts: the cell membrane, the nucleus, and the cytoplasm.



 $\textbf{The Brain} \ \hbox{-} \ has \ \textbf{three} \ main \ parts: cerebrum, cerebellum \ and \ the \ brain \ stem.$



The Biosphere - the biosphere consists of **three** components: (1) lithosphere, (2) atmosphere, and (3) hydrosphere.

OW

 $\textbf{The Linnaean System} \ \text{has } \textbf{three} \ \text{classifications} \ \text{-} \ \text{animal}, \ \text{mineral} \ \text{and} \ \text{vegetable}.$



Animals - three different types of animals exist: herbivores, omnivores, and carnivores.



The Tabernacle - the tabernacle consisted of **three** divisions through which one must pass to reach the presence of God: the outer courtyard, the holy place, and the Holy of Holies (see Exodus 25-30).



In the Bible God is often referred to as 'the God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob.' This is another important three, echoing the trinity.



The life-giving umbilical chord is made of **three** strands. One vein carries oxygen and nutrients to the baby, while two arteries remove waste. All three chords work together as one to sustain life.

There are many, many more **three's** worth considering. Please look into this for yourself.



List of three's in nature



List of three's in anatomy



Space / Time Theorems Point to the Existence & Causal Agency of the Biblical God